SAFETY DATA SHEET

CITGO Low Sulfur Kerosene (K-1), All Grades



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: CITGO Low Sulfur Kerosene (K-1), All Grades
Synonyms	: Kerosene, Kerosine, K-1 Kerosene (meets ASTM D3699 K-1 specification), Low Sulfur Kerosene
Code	: Various
MSDS #	: LSKRO
Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone number	: Technical Contact: (832) 486-4000 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY: SKIN - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin and eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer in contact with skin.
	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Defatting to the skin.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance
Other means of identification	: Kerosene, Kerosine, K-1 Kerosene (meets ASTM D3699 K-1 specification), Low Sulfur Kerosene

CAS	number/other	identifiers

CAS number	: 64742-81-0

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	100	64742-81-0
Naphthalene	<1	91-20-3
Ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4
Xylenes, mixed isomers	<1	1330-20-7

* = Various ** = Mixture *** = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

: 3/28/2015.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fir	rst aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that gas or vapor is still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/	effects, acute
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: If ingested, this material presents a significant aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. Consider activated charcoal and/or gastric lavage. If patient is obtunded, protect the airway by cuffed endotracheal intubation or by placement of the body in a Trendelenburg and left lateral decubitus position.
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that gas or vapor is still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in

container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Non equilibrium conditions may increase the fire hazard associated with this product. Always bond receiving containers to the fill pipe before and during loading. Always confirm that receiving container is properly grounded. Bonding and grounding alone may be inadequate to eliminate fire and explosion hazards. Carefully review operations that may increase the risks such as
	and explosion hazards. Carefully review operations that may increase the risks such as tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, etc. In addition to bonding and grounding, efforts to mitigate the hazards may

Section 7. Handling and storage

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		include, but are not limited to, ventilation, inerting and/or reduction of transfer velocities. Always keep nozzle in contact with the container throughout the loading process. Do NOT fill any portable container in or on a vehicle.
		Special precautions, such as reduced loading rates and increased monitoring, must be observed during "switch loading" operations (i.e., loading this material in tanks or shipping compartments that previously contained a dissimilar product).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
		Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin.
Naphthalene	 TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. ACGIH (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA (United States). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Xylenes, mixed isomers	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through
skin.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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Appropriate engineering controls	Second explanation of the engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. chemical splash goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Colorless to light yellow or Red.
Odor	: Characteristic. Hydrocarbon.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: -20°C (-4°F)
Boiling point/boiling range	: 150 to 300°C (302 to 572°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100°F) [Pensky-Martens. (Minimum)]
Evaporation rate	: 0.2 (butyl acetate = 1)
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 5%
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/28/2015.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure	: <0.27 kPa (<2 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: 4.5 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.8
Density lbs/gal	: Estimated 6.67 lbs/gal
Gravity, °API	: Estimated 45 @ 60 F
Solubility	: Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 229°C (444°F)
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 0.01 cm ² /s (1 cSt)
Conductivity	: 25 picosiemens/meter (minimum)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Xylenes, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Cat	9500 ppm	2 hours
,	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: No additional information.

Irritation/Corrosion

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Ethylbenzene Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit - milligrams 24 hours 15 milligrams - Xylenes, mixed isomers Skin - Mild irritant Rat - milligrams 8 hours 60 milligrams - Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit - 24 hours 500 milligrams - Skin Moderate irritant Rabbit - 24 hours 500 milligrams - Skin No additional information. - 24 hours 500 milligrams - - Skin No additional information. - 100 Percent - - Skin No additional information. - - - - Skin No additional information. - - - - Respiratory No additional information. - - - - Conclusion/Summary No additional information. - - - - Categon/Summary No additional information. - - - - Product/ingredient name OSHA IARC NTP - - - Naphthalene -	Product/ingredient name	Result		Spec	cies	Score	Exposure	Observation
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Conclusion/Summary No additional information. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category Route of exposure Target organs Name Category Route of exposure Target organs Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized Category 3 Not applicable. Narcotic effects Ethylbenzene Category 3 Not applicable. Respiratory trace	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: No additio	onal inform	ation.				
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Name Category Route of exposure Target organs Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized Category 3 Not applicable. Narcotic effects Ethylbenzene Category 3 Not applicable. Respiratory trace		• No odd!!!	nal inferre	ation				
NameCategoryRoute of exposureTarget organsKerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurizedCategory 3Not applicable. Category 3Narcotic effects Respiratory tract				allon.				
exposureKerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurizedCategory 3Not applicable. Not applicable.Narcotic effects Respiratory tract	Specific target organ toxicity	<u>y (single exp</u>	<u>oosure)</u>					
Ethylbenzene Category 3 Not applicable. Respiratory trac	Name			Cat	egory			arget organs
	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized Ethylbenzene						applicable. F	

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

routes of exposure

Information on the likely : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/28/2015.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the ph	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Potential chronic health e	ifects
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer in contact with skin. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.67 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch	40 days
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
Xylenes, mixed isomers	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -	96 hours

Section 12. Ecological information

		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 19000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 16940 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Conclusion/Summany	. Not ovojloblo		

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphthalene Ethylbenzene	3.4 3.6		low low
Xylenes, mixed isomers	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. : D001, D018

RCRA classification

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN 1223	UN 1223	UN 1223
UN proper shipping name	UN 1223, Kerosene, 3, III	UN 1223, Kerosene, 3, III	UN 1223, Kerosene, 3, III
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
Date of issue/Date of r	revision : 3/28/2015.		10/13

Section 14. Transport information

Additional	Packaging instruction -	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft
information	Passenger aircraft	Quantity limitation: 60 L
	Quantity limitation: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 309
	Packaging instructions: 309	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity
		limitation: 220 L
	Cargo aircraft	Packaging instructions: 310
	Quantity limitation: 220 L	
	Packaging instructions: 310	
	Remarks	
	49 CFR 173.150 (f)(1) states	
	that a flammable liquid with a	
	flash point at or above 38°C	
	(100°F) that does not meet the	
	definition of any other hazard	
	class may be reclassed as a	
	combustible liquid. This	
	provision does not apply to	
	transportation by vessel or	
	aircraft except where other	
	means of transportaion is	
	impracticable.	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Nonane, all isomers
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene; Xylenes, mixed isomers; Toluene; Benzene
	This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	n on ingredients
SARA 304 RQ <u>SARA 311/312</u>	: Not applicable.

<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Composition/information	n on ingradianta

Composition/information on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Naphthalene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Xylenes, mixed isomers	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements		91-20-3 100-41-4	<1 <1
Supplier notification		91-20-3 100-41-4	<1 <1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations **Massachusetts**

: The following components are listed: KEROSINE

New York

: The following components are listed: Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene

New Jersey

- : The following components are listed: KEROSENE; FUEL OIL #1
- Pennsylvania
- : The following components are listed: KEROSINE (PETROLEUM)

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Naphthalene	<1	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Ethylbenzene	<1	Yes.	No.	41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.
Toluene	<0.1	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 μg/day (ingestion)
Benzene	<0.1	Yes.	Yes.	6.4 μg/day (ingestion) 13 μg/day (inhalation)	24 μg/day (ingestion) 49 μg/day (inhalation)

International regulations

International lists	 Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined. 			
Canada inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.			
EU Inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.			
WHMIS (Canada)	 Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic). 			

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/28/2015.
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

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