According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION		
Product name	: Shell Morlina S4 B 220	
Product code	: 001D7827	
Manufacturer or supplier	s details	
Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US P.O. Box 4427 Houston TX 77210-4427 USA	
SDS Request Customer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285 :	
Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Spill Information	: 877-504-9351	
Health Information	: 877-242-7400	
Recommended use of the	e chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Gear lubricant.	

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### **GHS Classification**

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

### **GHS Label element**

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Prevention: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Response: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Storage: No precautionary phrases.</li> <li>Disposal: No precautionary phrases.</li> </ul>

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

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Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

: Blend of polyolefins and additives.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical Name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Dialkyl thiophosphate ester		268567-32-4	0.1 - 0.99

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Immediate medical attention, special treatment	:	Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dio-
		xide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	<ul> <li>Hazardous combustion products n A complex mixture of airborne soli gases (smoke).</li> <li>Carbon monoxide may be evolved occurs.</li> <li>Unidentified organic and inorganic</li> </ul>	d and liquid particulates and I if incomplete combustion
Specific extinguishing me- thods	: Use extinguishing measures that a cumstances and the surrounding e	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment inclu- gloves are to be worn; chemical re large contact with spilled product i Breathing Apparatus must be worn a confined space. Select fire fighte relevant Standards (e.g. Europe:	esistant suit is indicated if s expected. Self-Contained n when approaching a fire in er's clothing approved to

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	<ul> <li>Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.</li> <li>Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri-</li> </ul>
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		ate controls for safe handling, stora material.	ge and disposal of this
Precautions for safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, so worn and proper handling equipment Properly dispose of any contaminator rials in order to prevent fires.	afety footwear should be nt should be used.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be Proper grounding and bonding proc during all bulk transfer operations.	
Storage			
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and ir place. Use properly labeled and closable o	
		Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	r container linings, use mild
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not peratures because of possible risk	

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters			
Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-
		(Form of	ters / Permissible
		exposure)	concentration
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal-	5 mg/m3
	_	able frac-	-

# omnononto with workplace control noromotors

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated. **Monitoring Methods** 

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

tion))

(Mist)

5 mg/m3

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

Basis

NS

US. ACGIH

Limit Values

OSHA TRA

Threshold

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Version 2.0 Revision Date: 08/05/2015 Print Date: 08/06/2015 http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/ Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.isp L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil **Engineering measures** : The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. Personal protective equipment : No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal Respiratory protection conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

 Hand protection

 Remarks
 : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374,

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	US: F739) made from the follow suitable chemical protection. Py gloves Suitability and durability usage, e.g. frequency and dura sistance of glove material, dexte glove suppliers. Contaminated of Personal hygiene is a key elem Gloves must only be worn on cl gloves, hands should be washe cation of a non-perfumed moist For continuous contact we reco through time of more than 240 of 480 minutes where suitable gloves of short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves of may not be available and in this time maybe acceptable so long and replacement regimes are for a good predictor of glove resista dependent on the exact compose Glove thickness should be typic depending on the glove make a	/C, neoprene or nitrile rubber of a glove is dependent on tion of contact, chemical re- erity. Always seek advice from gloves should be replaced. ent of effective hand care. ean hands. After using ed and dried thoroughly. Appli- urizer is recommended. mmend gloves with break- minutes with preference for > ves can be identified. For e recommend the same, but offering this level of protection as appropriate maintenance blowed. Glove thickness is no ance to a chemical as it is sition of the glove material. cally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that protective eyewear is recomme	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily work clothes. It is good practice to wear chem	
Protective measures	: Personal protective equipment mended national standards. Ch	
Environmental exposure of	controls	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to f vant environmental protection le of the environment by following necessary, prevent undissolved charged to waste water. Waste municipal or industrial waste wa discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission lir must be observed for the dischar vapour.	egislation. Avoid contaminatio advice given in Chapter 6. If I material from being dis- water should be treated in a ater treatment plant before nits for volatile substances

# SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: yellow
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available

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рН	: Not applicable	
pour point	: -48 °C / -54 °FMethod: ISO 3016	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value	(s)
Flash point	: 240 °C / 464 °F Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.848 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 848.4 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information or	a similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 220 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
	25.9 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	e a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

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### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.	n

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and
		the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

### Acute toxicity

P	rod	luc	t:

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

### Skin corrosion/irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

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Version 2.0 Revision Date: 08/05/2015 Print Date: 08/06/2015 Respiratory or skin sensitisation Product: Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser. **Components:** Dialkyl thiophosphate ester: Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals. Germ cell mutagenicity **Product:** : Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard. Carcinogenicity **Product:** Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic. IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. **OSHA** No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA. NTP No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. **Reproductive toxicity Product:** : Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant. STOT - single exposure **Product:** Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard. STOT - repeated exposure

# Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

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#### Aspiration toxicity

### Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specific for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the compo- and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is represe tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amoun product required to prepare aqueous test extract).	onents senta- com-
Ecotoxicity		
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxic- ity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to algae (Acute toxic- ity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxic- ity)	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to bacteria (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available	

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Persistence and degradabili	ty	
Product:		
Biodegradability		readily biodegradable. ed to be inherently biodegrada- that may persist in the environ-
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains componen cumulate.	nts with the potential to bioac-
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most e If it enters soil, it will adsorb to mobile.	
	Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects		
no data available		
Product:		
Additional ecological informa- tion	<ul> <li>Product is a mixture of non-vo expected to be released to air Not expected to have ozone d cal ozone creation potential or</li> </ul>	in any significant quantities. epletion potential, photochemi-
	Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of	aquatic organisms.

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

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### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **National Regulations**

### US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### International Regulation

#### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

# IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	<ul> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Not applicable</li> </ul>
Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

OSHA Hazards	No OSH/	A Hazards
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#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

#### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 302	:	No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

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Clean Water Act			
This product does not co Section 311, Table 117.3	ntain any Hazardous Chemicals listed und B.	ler the U.S. CleanWater Act,	
California Prop 65	This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.		
The components of this	s product are reported in the following i	nventories:	
EINECS	: All components listed or polymer	: All components listed or polymer exempt.	
TSCA	: All components listed.	: All components listed.	
DSL	: All components listed.		

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Due to the conversion of this product to GHS classification and labelling, there has been a significant change to the nature of the information presented in chapter 2. A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

 The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling
COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
EC = European Commission
EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-
gy Of Chemicals
ECHA = European Chemicals Agency
EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial
Chemical Substances
EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

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	Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised Sy Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency fo IATA = International Air Transp IC50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime I INV = Chinese Chemicals Inver IP346 = Institute of Petroleum determination of polycyclic aron KECI = Korea Existing Chemica LC50 = Lethal Concentration fif LD50 = Lethal Loading/Effect LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effect LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Conver Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed E served Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Expos PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumula PICCS = Philippine Inventory o Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Co REACH = Registration Evaluati Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to I gerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure lin TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances O TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and vertices	ystem of Classification and or Research on Cancer oort Association a fifty Dangerous Goods ntory test method N° 346 for the matics DMSO-extractables als Inventory fty ent. ctive Loading/Inhibitory loading ention for the Prevention of Effect Concentration / No Ob- sure - High Production Volume tive and Toxic of Chemicals and Chemical oncentration ion And Authorisation Of International Carriage of Dan- mit ent Control Act e
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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.