SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier

Material Name	:	Shell Spirax S6 GXME 75W-80
Product Code	:	001D8272

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product Use	:	Transmission oil.

Uses Advised Against : This product must not be used in applications other than those recommended in Section 1, without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	:	Rafinanz Orbico Kft. Árpád Fejedelem útja 26-28 H-1023 Budapest
Telephone Fax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	:	(+36) 06-1-6901940 (+36) 06-1-6901941 biztonsagiadatlap@rafinanzorbico.hu

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

 Poison Information Centre: ETTSZ 1096 Budapest, Nagyvárad tér 2. Díjmentesen hívható zöld szám: 06-80/20-11-99

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC	
Hazard Characteristics	R-phrase(s)
Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria.;	

Sensitiser not sufficient to : Contains amine phosphate. May produce an allergic reaction. classify

1/17

Print Date 08.04.2014

2.2 Label Elements

Labeling according to Directive 1999/45/EC

EC Symbols	:	No Hazard Symbol required
EC Classification EC Risk Phrases EC Safety Phrases	-	Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria. Not classified. Not classified.
2.3 Other Hazards		
Health Hazards	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.
Safety Hazards	:	Not classified as flammable but will burn.
Environmental Hazards	:	Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance		
Material Name	: Not applicable.	
3.2 Mixtures		
Mixture Description	: Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil.	
Hazardous Components		
Classification of components according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		

Chemical Name	CAS No.	EC Number	REACH Registration No.	Conc.
Alkaryl amine	36878-20-3	253-249-4	01-2119488911-28	< 2,00%
Amine phosphate	91745-46-9	294-716-2	01-2119493620-38	< 2,00%

Print Date 08.04.2014

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2/17

Chemical Name	Hazard Class & Category	Hazard Statement
Alkaryl amine	Aquatic Chronic, 4;	H413;
Amine phosphate	Flam. Liq., 3; Acute Tox., 4; Eye Dam., 1; Skin Sens., 1; Aquatic Chronic, 2;	H226; H302; H318; H317; H411;

Classification of components according to 67/548/EEC

:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	EC Number	REACH Registration No.	Symbol(s)	R-phrase(s)	Conc.
Alkaryl amine	36878-20-3	253-249-4	01-		R53	< 2,00%
			2119488911-			
			28			
Amine	91745-46-9	294-716-2	01-	Xn, Xi, N	R22; R41;	< 2,00%
phosphate			2119493620-		R43; R51/53	
			38			

Additional Information

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346. The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive diluent.

Refer to Ch 16 for full text of R- and H- phrases.

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

General Information	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Inhalation	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
Skin Contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
Eye Contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Self-protection of the first aider	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the
		3/17

Print Date 08.04.2014

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	:	incident, injury and surroundings. Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

5.1 Extinguishing Media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures	:	6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
6.2 Environmental Precautions	:	6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains,
		ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		4/17

6.3 Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up	Prevent from the room	when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. om spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or ainment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, ther suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional Advice		norities should be advised if significant spillages contained.
6.4 Reference to other sections	ee Chap on dispos	nce on selection of personal protective equipment ter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. For guidance al of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Material ta Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store at ambient temperature.
		Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.
Recommended Materials	:	For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.
Unsuitable Materials	:	PVC.
7.3 Specific end use(s) Additional Information	:	Not applicable Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion. The fire classification according to the valid Hungarian Fire Protection Regulation: Less flammable "D".

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

8.1 Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Oil mist, mineral	ACGIH	TWA(Inhala ble fraction.)		5 mg/m3	
	HU OEL	MK(Mist.)		5 mg/m3	

Biological Exposure Index (BEI)

No biological limit allocated.

PNEC related information : Data not available

Monitoring Methods
 Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory. Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the

Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany. http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil **8.2 Exposure Controls General Information** The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. **Occupational Exposure Controls** The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE **Personal Protective** : Equipment directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards. Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. : Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to **Eye Protection** occur. Approved to EU Standard EN166. 7/17 Print Date 08.04.2014

Safety Data Sheet

Hand Protection	 Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognise that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time may be acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Body protection	Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue
Respiratory Protection	conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapors [Type A/Type P boiling point > 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387 and EN143.
Thermal Hazards	
Environmental Exposure Con Environmental exposure control measures	ntrols Take appropriate measures to fulfil the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid

contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.2 Other Information		
Explosive Properties	:	Not classified
Oxidizing Properties		Data not available
Temperature Flammability		Data not available
Decomposition	:	Data not available
Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)	:	Data not available
Vapour density (air=1)	:	> 1 (estimated value(s))
Kinematic viscosity	:	Typical 54 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F
Dynamic viscosity	:	Data not available
n-octanol/water partition coefficient (log Pow)	:	> 6 (based on information on similar products)
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available
Water solubility		Negligible.
Density		Typical 850 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F
Relative Density		Typical 0,85 at 15 °C / 59 °F
Vapour pressure		< 0,5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s))
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F
or Explosion limits	•	
Upper / lower Flammability		Typical 1 - 10 %(V)
Flash point		Typical 250 °C / 482 °F (COC)
Boiling Range Pour point		Typical -51 °C / -60 °F
Initial Boiling Point and	÷	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
pH Initial Dailing Daint and		Not applicable.
Odour threshold		Data not available
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon.
Appearance	:	Amber. Liquid at room temperature.
•		Amber Liquid et room temperature

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Electrical conductivity

9/17

: This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

Print Date 08.04.2014

Other Information: not a VOCVolatile organic compound: 0 %

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions.
10.3 Possibility of	:	
Hazardous Reactions		Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
10.4 Conditions to Avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible		Strong oxidising agents.
Materials		
10.6 Hazardous	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
Decomposition Products		during normal storage.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Basis for Assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Likely Routes of	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure
Exposure		although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute Oral Toxicity	:	Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat
Acute Dermal Toxicity	:	Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	:	Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Expected to be slightly irritating.
Respiratory Irritation		Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.
Respiratory or skin	:	For respiratory and skin sensitisation: Not expected to be a
sensitisation	•	sensitiser.
		Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does

Aspiration Hazard	:	not induce skin sensitisation. (Amine phosphate) Not considered an aspiration hazard.
Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity	:	Not considered a mutagenic hazard. Not expected to be carcinogenic.
Material	:	Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	ACGIH Group A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	IARC 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity

: Not expected to be a hazard.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

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Carcinogenicity	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.,
Mutagenicity	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive Toxicity (fertility)	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Not expected to be a hazard.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Not expected to be a hazard.
Additional Information	:	Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible. Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the
		11/17
Drint Data 09.04.2014		00000010764

12.1 Toxicity		product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Acute Toxicity	:	Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract.
12.2 Persistence and degradability	:	Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential	:	Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
12.4 Mobility in Soil	:	Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Floats on water.
12.5 Result of PBT and vPvB assesment	:	This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6 Other Adverse Effects	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment M	ethods
Material Disposal	: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
Container Disposal	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
Local Legislation	 Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC): 13 02 06 synthetic engine,
	12/17

gear and lubricating oils. Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land transport (ADR/RID):

ADR

This product is not classified as dangerous for this mode of transport. Therefore 14.1 UN Number, 14.2 UN Proper Shipping name, 14.3 Transport hazard class(es), 14.4 Packing group, 14.5 Environmental hazards, 14.6 Special precautions for user do not apply.

RID

This product is not classified as dangerous for this mode of transport. Therefore 14.1 UN Number, 14.2 UN Proper Shipping name, 14.3 Transport hazard class(es), 14.4 Packing group, 14.5 Environmental hazards, 14.6 Special precautions for user do not apply.

Inland waterways transport (ADN):

This product is not classified as dangerous for this mode of transport. Therefore 14.1 UN Number, 14.2 UN Proper Shipping name, 14.3 Transport hazard class(es), 14.4 Packing group, 14.5 Environmental hazards, 14.6 Special precautions for user do not apply.

Sea transport (IMDG Code):

This product is not classified as dangerous for this mode of transport. Therefore 14.1 UN Number, 14.2 UN Proper Shipping name, 14.3 Transport hazard class(es), 14.4 Packing group, 14.5 Environmental hazards, 14.6 Special precautions for user do not apply.

Air transport (IATA):

This product is not classified as dangerous for this mode of transport. Therefore 14.1 UN Number, 14.2 UN Proper Shipping name, 14.3 Transport hazard class(es), 14.4 Packing group, 14.5 Environmental hazards, 14.6 Special precautions for user do not apply.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Additional Information	:	MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.
Special Precaution	:	Not applicable.
Product Name	:	Not applicable.
Ship Type	:	Not applicable.
Pollution Category	:	Not applicable.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulatory Information Authorisations and/or : restrictions on use	Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.
Recommended : Restrictions on Use (Advice Against)	This product must not be used in applications other than those recommended in Section 1, without first seeking the advice of the supplier.
Chemical Inventory Status	
EINECS : TSCA :	All components listed or polymer exempt. All components listed.
Other Information :	The main regulations which regulate of the use of products Dangerous substance: 2000.XXV. Rule of dangerous substances Decree no. 44/2000 (XII.27.) EüM Decree no. 3/2006 (XII.27.) EüM Decree no. 50/2011 (XII.22.) NGM Decree no. 1907/2006/EK Dangerous waste: Decree no. 180/2007. (VII.3.) Government Decree no. 98/2001. (VI.15.) Government Safety: 1993.XCIII rule Fire safety: Decree no. 28/2011. (IX.6.) KüM Transport: Decree no. 20/1979. (IX 18.) KPM
15.2 Chemical Safety : Assessment	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

R-phrase(s)

Not classified.

14/17

Print Date 08.04.2014

17

R22 R41 R43 R51/53 R53	Harmful if swallowed. Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.			
CLP Hazard St				
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.			
H302 H317 H318 H411 H413	Causes serious Toxic to aquatic	Illergic skin reaction.		
Additional Info		No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet. It is a non-classified mixture containing hazardous substances as detailed in Section 3; relevant information from Exposure Scenarios for the hazardous substances contained have been integrated into the core sections 1-16 of this SDS.		
Abbreviations Acronyms	and :	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Aquatic Acute = Acute hazards to the aquatic environment Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term Hazard Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage/eye irritation Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquids Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion/irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitizer STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.		
		15/17		
Print Date 08.04.20	J14	00000019764		

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial **Chemical Substances** EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of **Pollution From Ships** NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No **Observed Effect Level**

OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume

	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
SDS Distribution :	The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product.
SDS Version Number :	1.6
SDS Effective Date :	07.04.2014
SDS Revisions	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
SDS Regulation	Regulation 1907/2006/EC as amended by Regulation (EU) 453/2010
Disclaimer :	This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.