

# Safety Data Sheet



## SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### Delo ELC Antifreeze/Coolant - Concentrate

**Product Use:** Antifreeze/Coolant

**Product Number(s):** 227808

**Synonyms:** Delo Extended Life Coolant/Antifreeze - B

**Company Identification**

Chevron Products Company  
a division of Chevron U.S.A. Inc.  
6001 Bollinger Canyon Rd.  
San Ramon, CA 94583  
United States of America  
www.chevronlubricants.com

**Transportation Emergency Response**

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

**Health Emergency**

Chevron Emergency Information Center: Located in the USA. International collect calls accepted. (800) 231-0623 or (510) 231-0623

**Product Information**

email : lubemsds@chevron.com  
Product Information: 1 (800) 582-3835, LUBETEK@chevron.com

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**CLASSIFICATION:** Target organ toxicant (repeated exposure): Category 2. Reproductive toxicant (developmental): Category 2. Acute oral toxicant: Category 4.



**Signal Word:** Warning

**Health Hazards:** Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Harmful if swallowed.

**Target Organs:** May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:**

**Prevention:** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response:** IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Storage:** Store locked up.

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

**HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED:** Not Applicable

**SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	AMOUNT
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	60 - 98 %wt/wt
Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate	19766-89-3	1 - 5 %wt/wt
Molybdic acid, disodium salt, dihydrate	10102-40-6	0.1 - 1 %wt/wt

**SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

**Description of first aid measures**

**Eye:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

**Skin:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, get immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If swallowed, get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

**IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS**

**Eye:** Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.

**Skin:** Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin.

**Ingestion:** Toxic; may be harmful or fatal if swallowed. May be harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** Not expected to be harmful if inhaled. Breathing this material at concentrations above the recommended exposure limits may cause central nervous system effects. Central nervous system effects

may include headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, weakness, loss of coordination, blurred vision, drowsiness, confusion, or disorientation. At extreme exposures, central nervous system effects may include respiratory depression, tremors or convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma or death.

**DELAYED OR OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS:**

**Reproduction and Birth Defects:** Contains material that may cause adverse reproductive effects if swallowed based on animal data. Contains material that may cause harm to the unborn child if swallowed based on animal data.

**Target Organs:** Contains material that may cause damage to the following organ(s) following repeated inhalation at concentrations above the recommended exposure limit:Kidney Risk depends on duration and level of exposure. See Section 11 for additional information.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** Not Applicable

**SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames. Dry Chemical, CO2, AFFF Foam or alcohol resistant foam.

**PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:**

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. See Section 7 for proper handling and storage. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Combustion Products:** Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion.

**SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Protective Measures:** Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.

**Spill Management:** Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

**Reporting:** Report spills to local authorities and/or the U.S. Coast Guard's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

**SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**General Handling Information:** Do not taste or swallow antifreeze or solution. Keep out of the reach of children and animals.

**Precautionary Measures:** Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Do not breathe vapor or fumes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of the reach of children.

**Static Hazard:** Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use

appropriate mitigating procedures.

**Container Warnings:** Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

**General Storage Information:** Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.

**SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below the recommended exposure limits. Use in a well-ventilated area.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

**Eye/Face Protection:** No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

**Skin Protection:** No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: Natural rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC or Vinyl).

**Respiratory Protection:** Determine if airborne concentrations are below the recommended occupational exposure limits for jurisdiction of use. If airborne concentrations are above the acceptable limits, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from this material, such as: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors, Dusts and Mists.

Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Occupational Exposure Limits:**

Component	Agency	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notation
Ethylene Glycol	ACGIH	--	--	100 mg/m3	--
Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate	Not Applicable	--	--	--	--
Molybdc acid, disodium salt, dihydrate	ACGIH	.5 mg/m3	--	--	A3 A3

Consult local authorities for appropriate values.



## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Attention:** the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

**Color:** Red

**Physical State:** Liquid

**Odor:** Faint or Mild

**Odor Threshold:** No data available

**pH:** 8.1 - 8.5

**Vapor Pressure:** 0.12 mmHg (Typical) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

**Vapor Density (Air = 1):** 2.1

**Initial Boiling Point:** 108.9°C (228°F)

**Solubility:** Miscible

**Freezing Point:** -37°C (-34.6°F) (Typical)

**Specific Gravity:** 1.13 @ 15.6°C (60.1°F) / 15.6°C (60.1°F)

**Viscosity:** No data available

**Decomposition temperature:** No Data Available

**Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:** No data available

### FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:

**Flammability (solid, gas):** No Data Available

**Flashpoint:** (Pensky-Martens Closed Cup) 115 °C (239 °F) (Typical)

**Autoignition:** No data available

**Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air):** Lower: No data available Upper: No data available

## SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

**Chemical Stability:** This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

**Incompatibility With Other Materials:** Not applicable

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Aldehydes (Elevated temperatures), Ketones (Elevated temperatures)

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on toxicological effects

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:** The eye irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** The skin irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

**Skin Sensitization:** The skin sensitization hazard is based on evaluation of data for similar materials.

**Acute Dermal Toxicity:** The acute dermal toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

**Acute Oral Toxicity:** The acute oral toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity:** The acute inhalation toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

**Acute Toxicity Estimate (oral):** 1699 mg/kg

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

**Carcinogenicity:** The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:** The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:** The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

**ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:**

This product contains ethylene glycol (EG). The toxicity of EG via inhalation or skin contact is expected to be slight at room temperature. The estimated oral lethal dose is about 100 cc (3.3 oz.) for an adult human. Ethylene glycol is oxidized to oxalic acid which results in the deposition of calcium oxalate crystals mainly in the brain and kidneys. Early signs and symptoms of EG poisoning may resemble those of alcohol intoxication. Later, the victim may experience nausea, vomiting, weakness, abdominal and muscle pain, difficulty in breathing and decreased urine output. When EG was heated above the boiling point of water, vapors formed which reportedly caused unconsciousness, increased lymphocyte count, and a rapid, jerky movement of the eyes in persons chronically exposed. When EG was administered orally to pregnant rats and mice, there was an increase in fetal deaths and birth defects. Some of these effects occurred at doses that had no toxic effects on the mothers. We are not aware of any reports that EG causes reproductive toxicity in human beings.

2-Ethylhexanoic acid (2-EXA) caused an increase in liver size and enzyme levels when repeatedly administered to rats via the diet. When administered to pregnant rats by gavage or in drinking water, 2-EXA caused teratogenicity (birth defects) and delayed postnatal development of the pups. Additionally, 2-EXA impaired female fertility in rats. Birth defects were seen in the offspring of mice who were administered sodium 2-ethylhexanoate via intraperitoneal injection during pregnancy.

**SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**ECOTOXICITY**

This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

**MOBILITY**

No data available.

**PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY**



This material is expected to be readily biodegradable. The biodegradability of this material is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar material. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

**POTENTIAL TO BIOACCUMULATE**

Bioconcentration Factor: No data available.  
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No data available

**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by international, country, or local laws and regulations.

**SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

**DOT Shipping Description:** PROPRIETARY ANTIFREEZE PREPARATION IN NON-BULK PACKAGING; NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT UNDER 49 CFR

**Additional Information:** Bulk shipments containing a reportable quantity (RQ, 5000 pounds or more) of ethylene glycol in a single packaging are transported as hazardous material. The shipping description is: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (ETHYLENE GLYCOL CONTAINS BITTERANT), 9, III, RQ (ETHYLENE GLYCOL)

**IMO/IMDG Shipping Description:** NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER THE IMDG CODE

**ICAO/IATA Shipping Description:** Anti-freeze Preparations, Proprietary; NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER ICAO

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code:**  
Not applicable

**SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

<b>EPCRA 311/312 CATEGORIES:</b>	1. Immediate (Acute) Health Effects:	YES
	2. Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects:	YES
	3. Fire Hazard:	NO
	4. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard:	NO
	5. Reactivity Hazard:	NO

**REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:**

01-1=IARC Group 1	03=EPCRA 313
01-2A=IARC Group 2A	04=CA Proposition 65
01-2B=IARC Group 2B	05=MA RTK

02=NTP Carcinogen

06=NJ RTK

07=PA RTK

The following components of this material are found on the regulatory lists indicated.

Ethylene Glycol

03, 05, 06, 07

**CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITIES(RQ)/EPCRA 302 THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITIES(TPQ):**

Component	Component RQ	Component TPQ	Product RQ
Ethylene Glycol	5000 lbs	None	5446 lbs

**CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:**

All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), EINECS (European Union), ENCS (Japan), IECSC (China), KECI (Korea), PICCS (Philippines), TSCA (United States).

**NEW JERSEY RTK CLASSIFICATION:**

Under the New Jersey Right-to-Know Act L. 1983 Chapter 315 N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et. seq., the product is to be identified as follows: Refer to components listed in Section 3.

**SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

**NFPA RATINGS:** Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

**HMIS RATINGS:** Health: 2\* Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 (0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, \*- Chronic Effect Indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

**LABEL RECOMMENDATION:**

Label Category : ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT 13 - AFC13

**REVISION STATEMENT:** This revision updates the following sections of this Safety Data Sheet: 1-16  
**Revision Date:** MARCH 18, 2015

**ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:**

TLV - Threshold Limit Value	TWA - Time Weighted Average
STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
GHS - Globally Harmonized System	CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
API - American Petroleum Institute	SDS - Safety Data Sheet
HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System	NFPA - National Fire Protection Association (USA)
DOT - Department of Transportation (USA)	NTP - National Toxicology Program (USA)
IARC - International Agency for Research on	OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration



Cancer	
NCEL - New Chemical Exposure Limit	EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus	

Prepared according to the 29 CFR 1910.1200 (2012) by Chevron Energy Technology Company, 6001 Bollinger Canyon Road San Ramon, CA 94583.

**The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.**